Gas-phase dehydration of glycerol over WO_x/ZrP catalysts.

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Abstract

Solid acid catalysts containing WO_x/ZrP have shown high conversion and selectivity for acrolein in the dehydration of glycerol at 300°C in the presence of water. 30wt% WO_x/ZrP catalyst has shown high selectivity to acrolein (about 86%) with total conversion of glycerol. The physic-chemical properties of the catalysts were investigated by X-ray diffraction, pore size distribution, FT-IR, pyridine absorbed FT-IR and NH₃-temperature programmed desorption methods to understand the role of WOx supported on ZrP in the dehydration reaction. The XRD results suggest that ZrP is found to be amorphous below 30% (w/w) tungsten loading on the support. TPD results suggest that the acidity increases with tungsten oxide loading upto 30wt% WO_x/ZrP and did not changed appreciably at higher loadings. Glycerol conversion and acrolein selectivity were mainly depend on the fraction of moderate acidic sites. The catalyst with 30wt% WO_x/ZrP possesses higher larger number of moderate acidic sites responsible for its highest dehydration activity and acrolein selectivity.

Key words: WO_x/ZrP , moderate acidic sites, dehydration, glycerol and acrolein.